## Guidelines of Medical Care for Pediatric Patients with Diabetes (1) (Rev. 07/2012) (Previous editions obsolete.) These are guidelines to be adapted into the clinician's practice recommended by Nebraska Diabetes Consensus Guidelines Taskforce Patient Name: Date of Birth: \_\_\_/\_\_/\_ Year of Diagnosis: Attended Diabetes Self-Management Classes: Yes \_\_\_\_ No \_ If yes, When/Where: Complications: \*Frequency may be every **diabetes-related visit** – to be determined by physician Date/Results **Indicators** Frequency\* Goals (1) Date/Results Date/Results Date/Results Every Visit Height Weight or BMI **Every Visit** Tanner Stage Yearly Blood Pressure **Every Visit** Age specific auidelines Foot Exam/Pulses (2) **Every Visit** Skin/injection Sites **Every Visit** Blood Glucose **Every Visit** Review of Self-Blood Glucose Age specific Every Visit Monitoring Record guidelines (3) Review/Update Current Meds **Every Visit** Discuss Lifestyle Management - Tobacco Use Status **Every Visit** Using/Doesn't Use Cessation if using - Physical Activity **Every Three** A1c (Hemoglobin A1c) Months 0-6 yrs <8.5 6-12 yrs <8 13-19 vrs <7.5 Exam Date/ Referred for Dental Exam Bi-annual Dentist: Annual Exam/History Update Yearly Abdominal Exam Yearly Neurological Exam/Depression Screening Yearly Cardiac Assessment/Pulses Yearly Thyroid Assessment (4) Yearly Referred for Dilated Eye Exam Exam Yearly Date/Physician: <170 mg/dl Yearly Total Cholesterol (6) Yearly HDL-C (6) Yearly Triglycerides (6)

(1) Based on American Diabetes Assoc. Standards of Medical Care for Patients W/ Diabetes Mellitus. Diabetes Care 35 (Suppl. 1): Jan 2012.

<100 mg/dl (6)

Date/location:

Date/location:

<30 ug/mg

creatinine

(2) Annual comprehensive foot exam.

Calculated or Measured LDL

Random spot urine for albumin

Pneumococcal Vaccination(8)

Assessment (6)

/creatinine ratio (7)

Influenza Vaccine

Celiac Disease (9)

- (3) Daytime: <5 years. 100-200; >5 yrs. 70-150 or as determined by physician; nighttime: <5 years. 150-200; >5 yrs. 120-180 or as determined by physician.
- (4) Thyroid function tests annually with Type 1; Type 2, at time of diagnosis and as indicated.

Yearly

Yearly

Yearly

(8)

- (5) ADA: once child is ≥ 10 years old & has had diabetes for three to five years; annual follow-up. AAP: three to five years after diagnosis if >9 years old and annually the Pediatric Endocrinologist: dilated eye exam first year after diagnosis; not annually until adolescence or after puberty.
- (6) Perform a fasting lipid panel on all children >2 years at the time of diagnosis (after glucose control has been established); if values are within normal levels and family is not a concern, follow-up is recommended at 5-year intervals thereafter. (Nebraska Diabetes Consensus Guidelines Task Force recommendation.
- (7) Annual screening once child is 10 years of age. (Nebraska Diabetes Consensus Guidelines Task Force recommendation.)
- (8) Centers for Disease Control & Prevention Guidelines.
- (9) Patients with Type 1 diabetes should be screened for Celiac disease. Children with positive antibodies should be referred to a gastroenterologist for evaluation. Child confirmed celiac disease should have consultation with a dietitian and placed on a gluten-free diet.